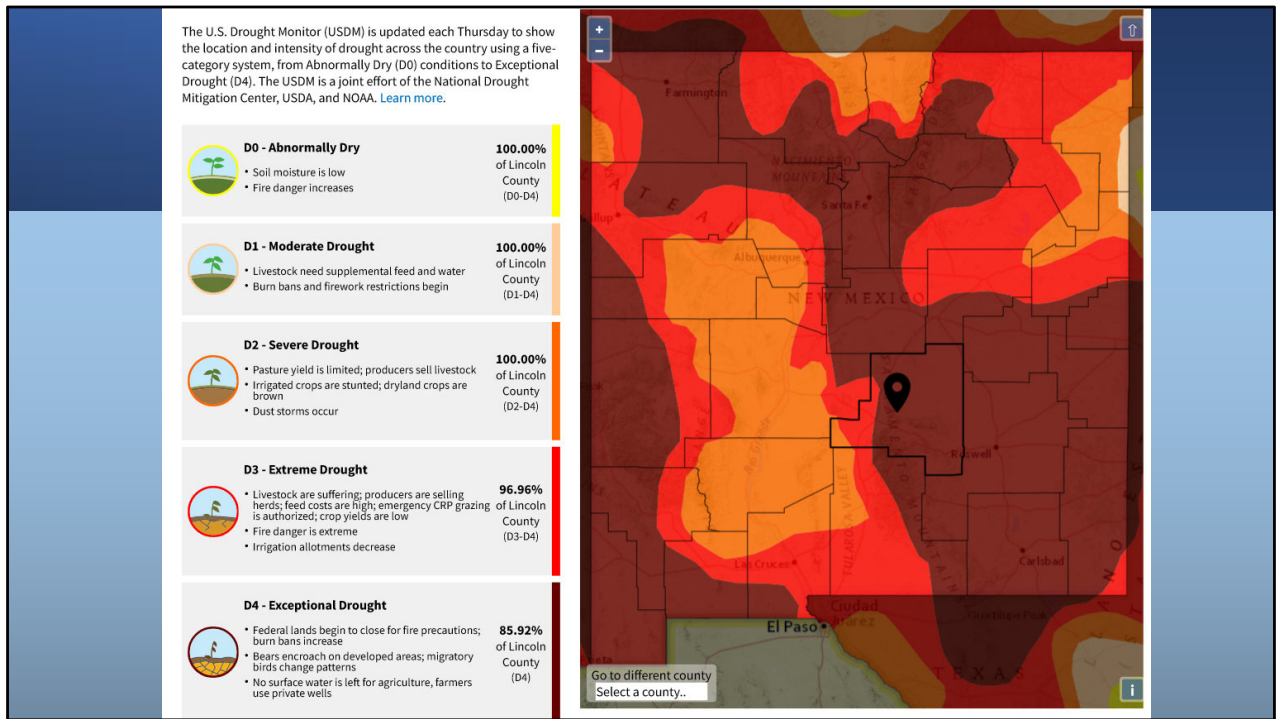
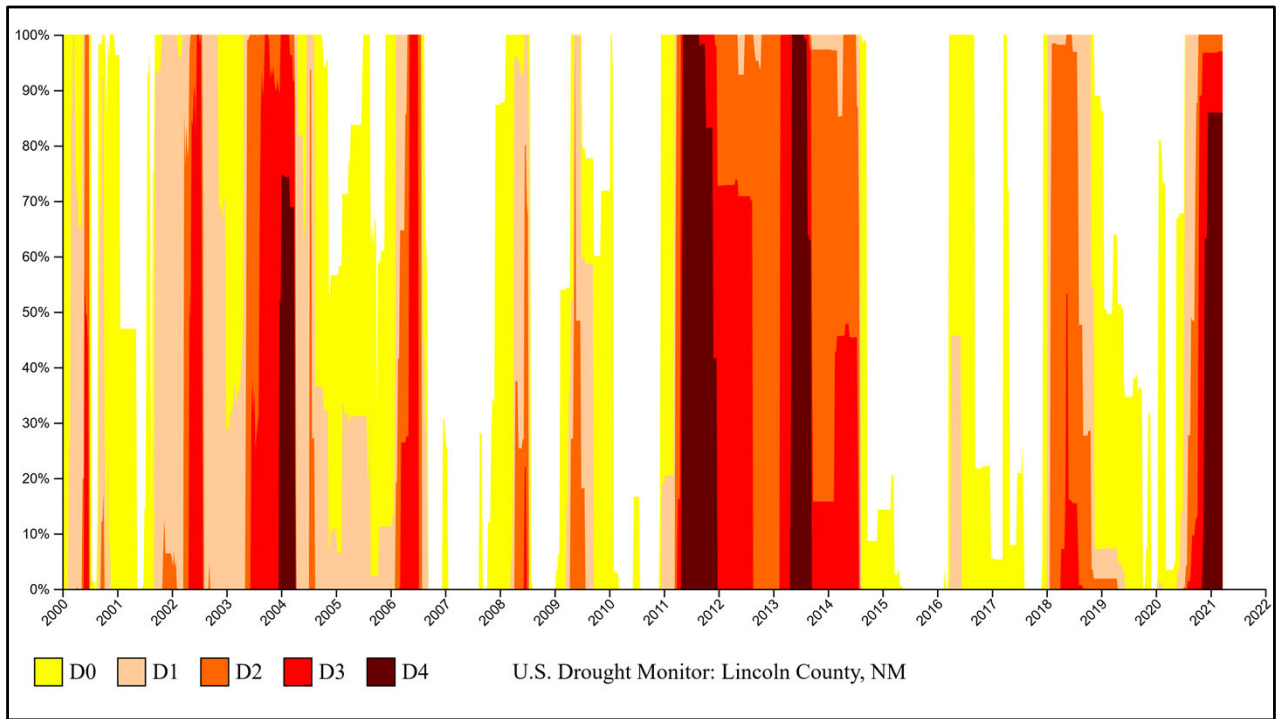


Drought in 2021

Eric Boyda
Water Resource Director



Much of the state is in Exception Drought, especially Lincoln County.



Current drought is shaping up to be similar to 2012 drought.

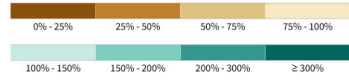
Current Conditions for Lincoln County

[Precipitation \(30-Day % of Normal\)](#)

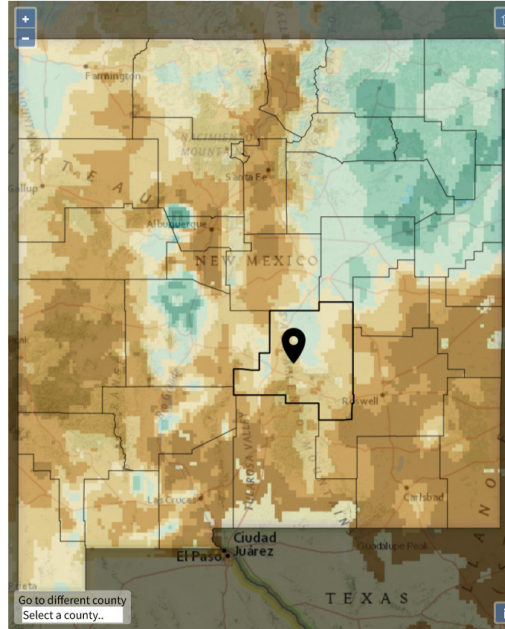
The 30-day percent of normal precipitation shows the difference of the last 30 days from the usual conditions for the same time period averaged since 1980.

This map uses the [gridMET](#) and NLDAS precipitation datasets, which are delayed from the current day by 2 to 3 days to allow for data collection and quality control.

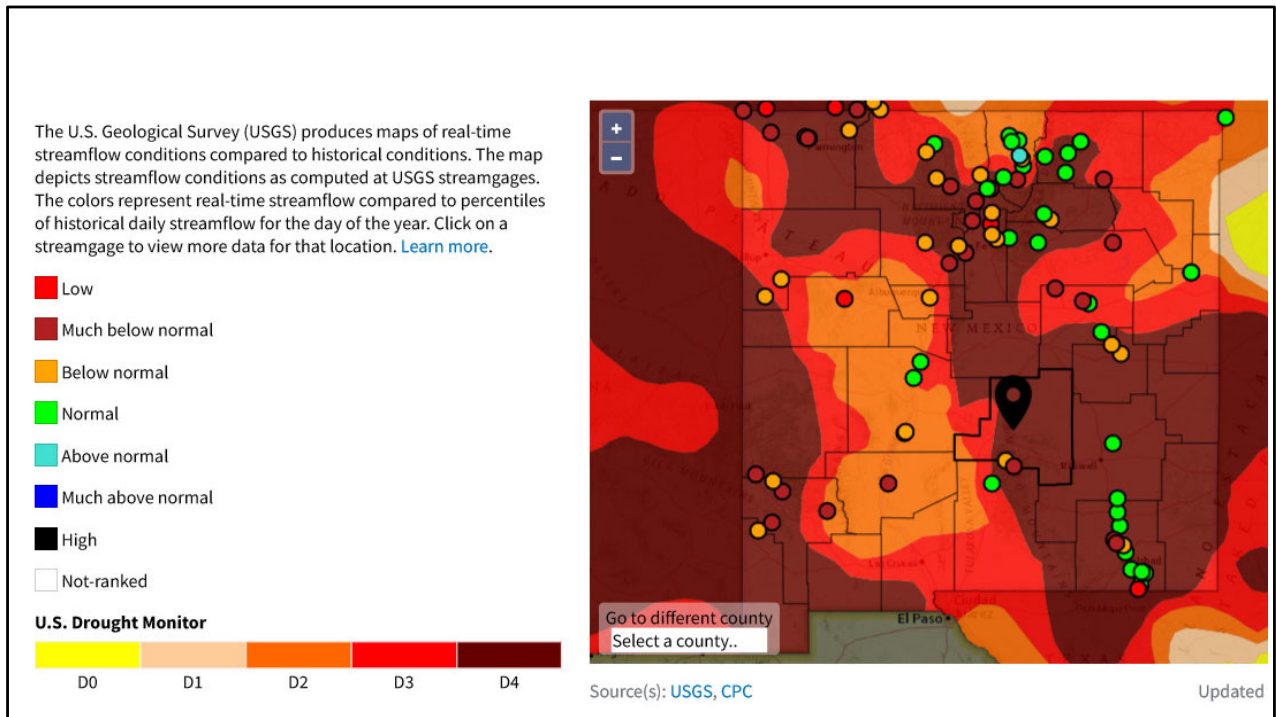
Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)



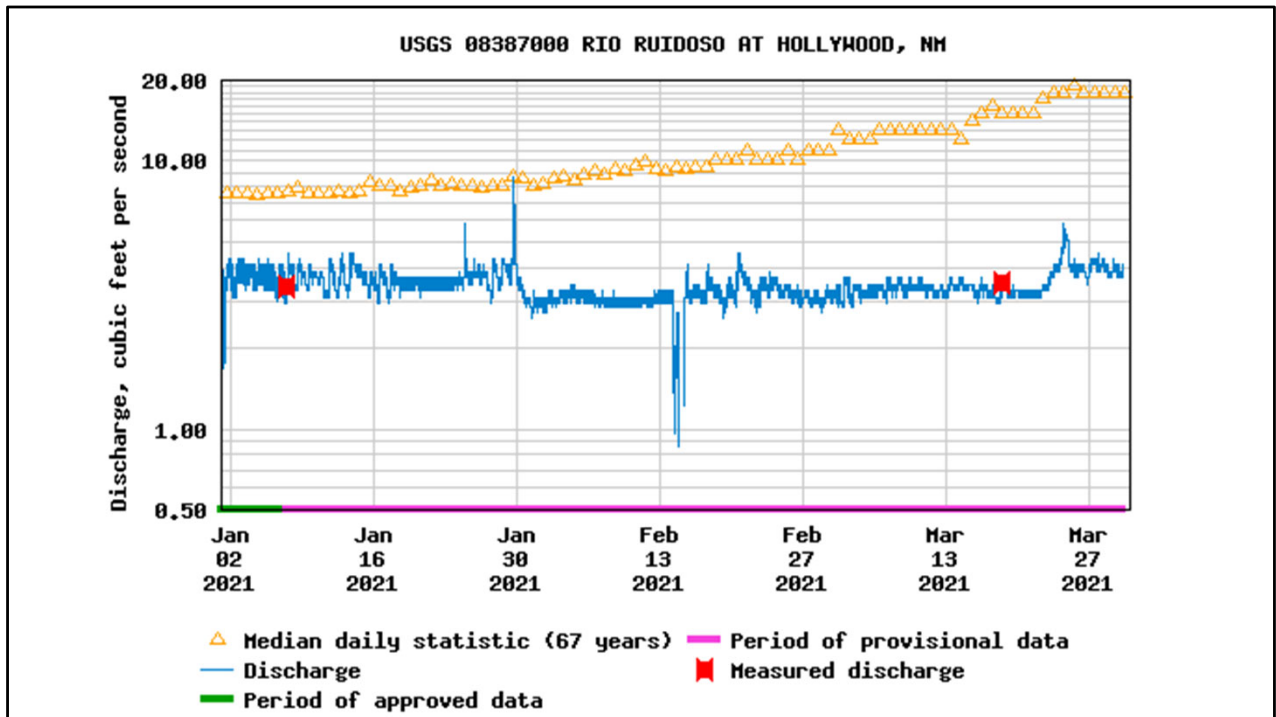
* Currently, data is only available for the contiguous U.S.



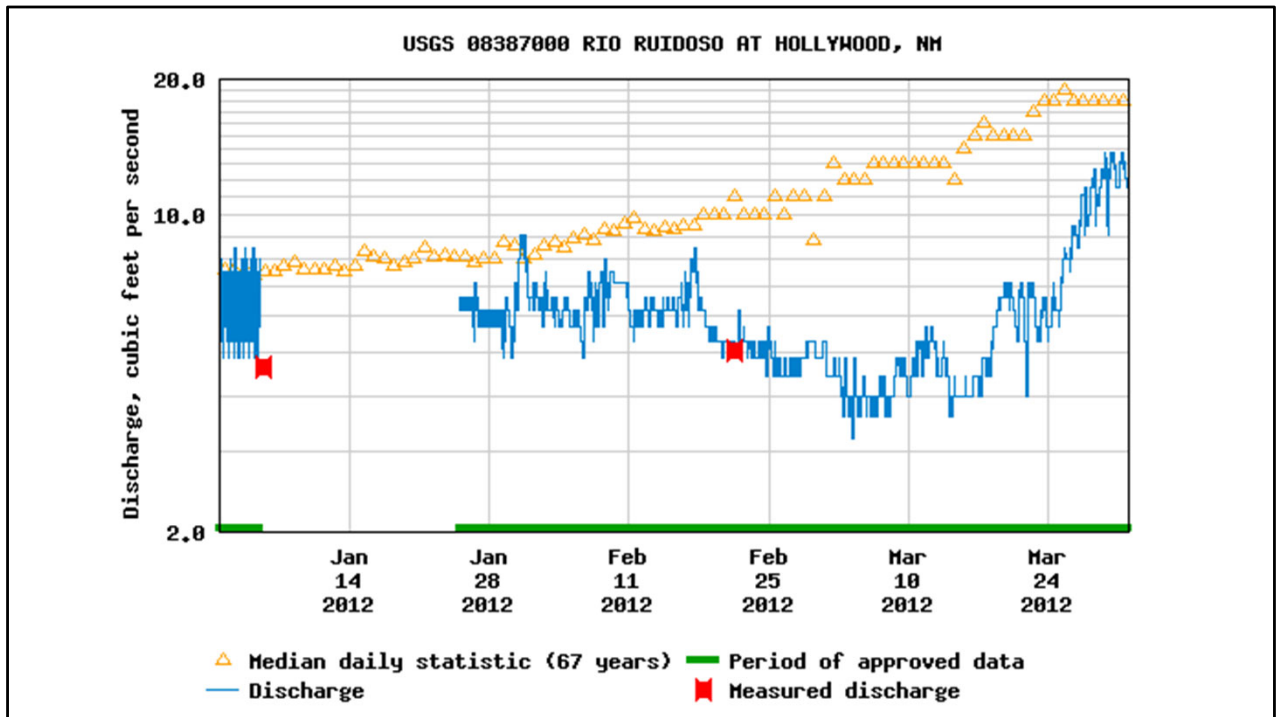
Despite some recent precipitation, precipitation is still down from average.



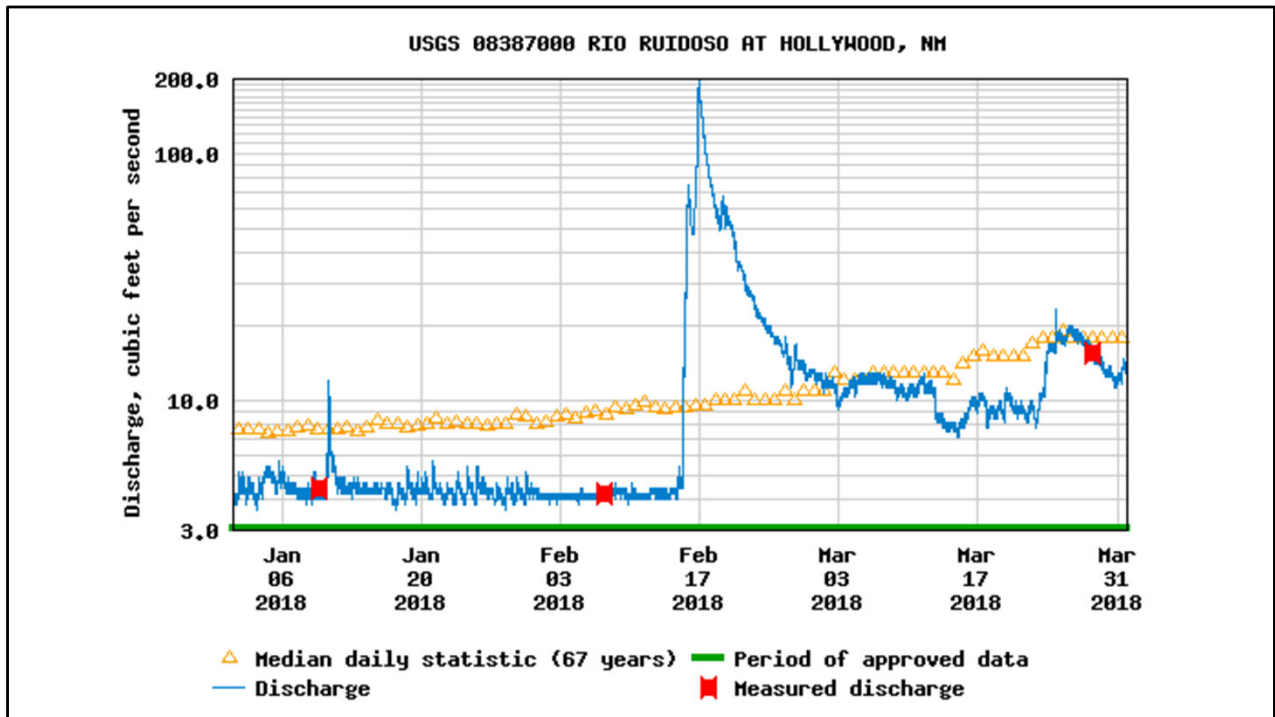
Drought has impacted flows on the Rio Ruidoso and Eagle Creek



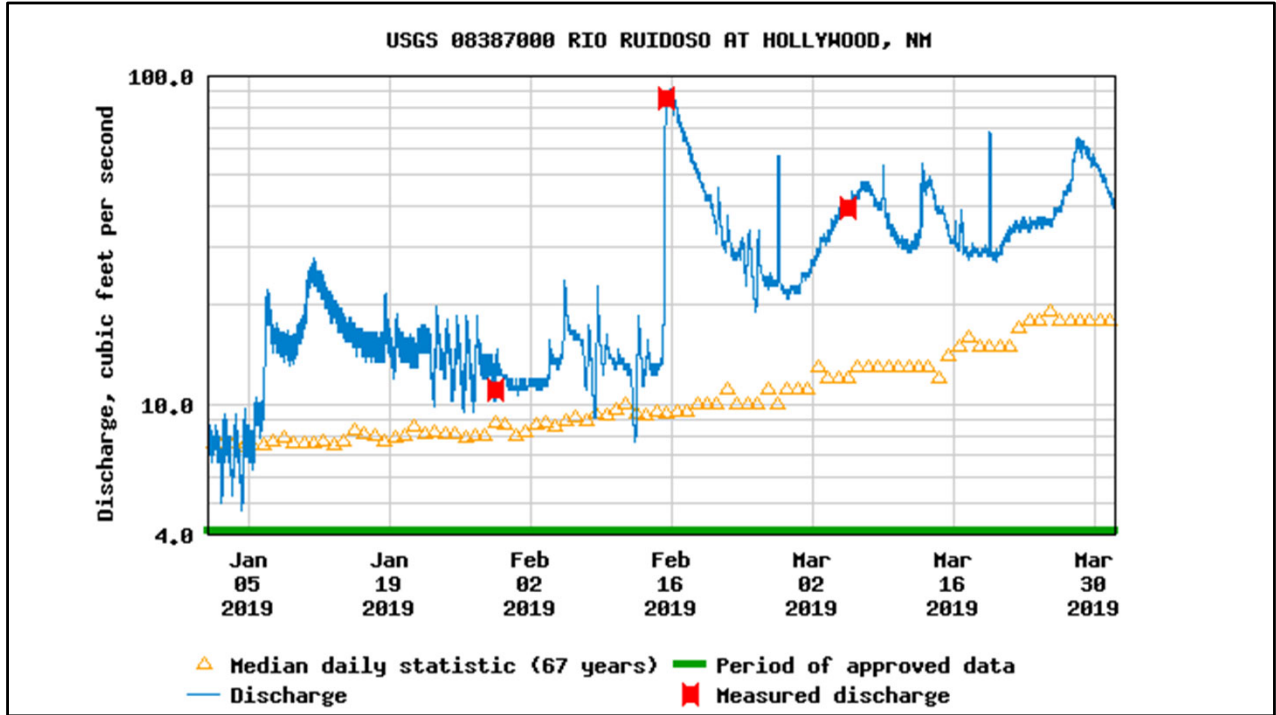
Current flows at Hollywood Gage are well below the median daily discharge

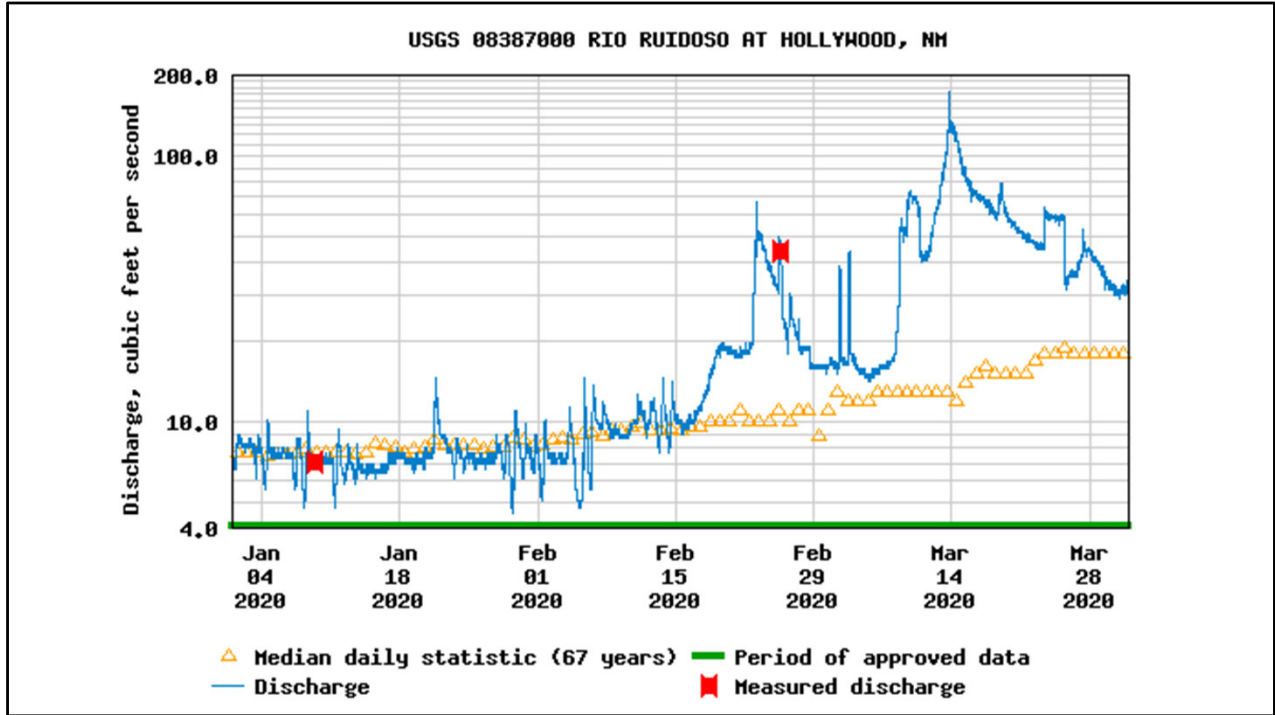


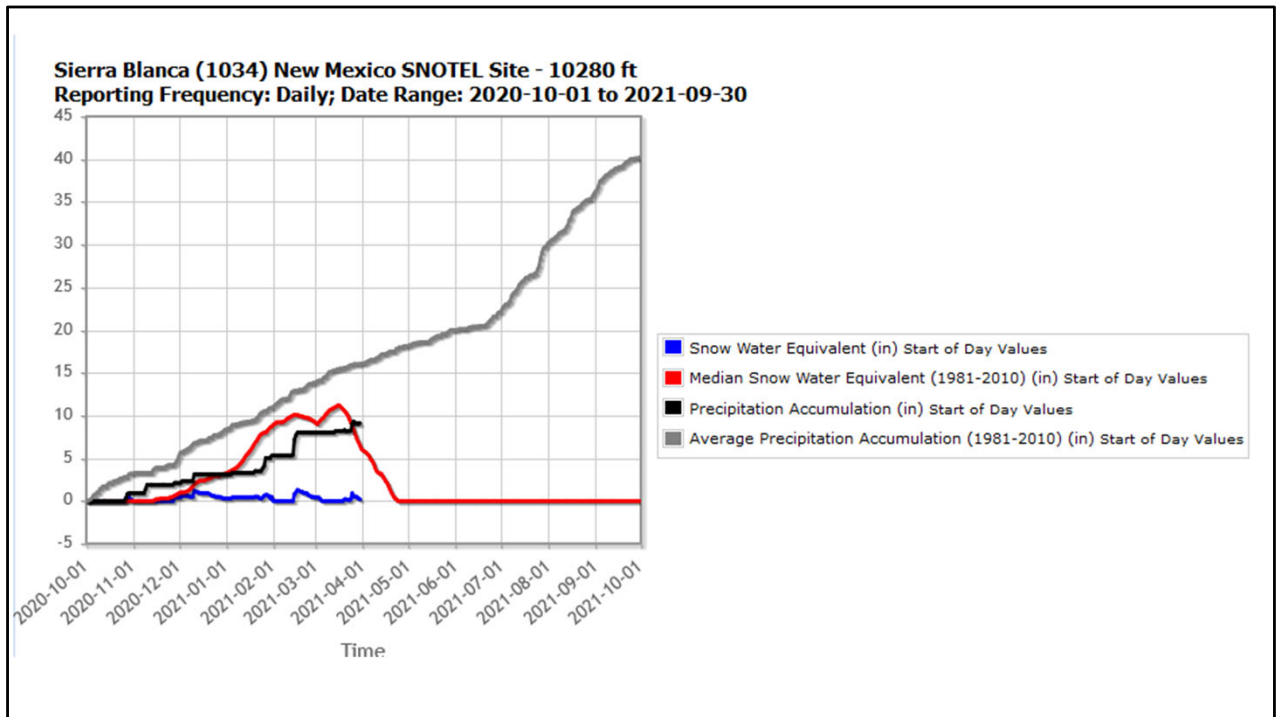
2021 is similar to 2012, however, in 2012 there was some spring runoff from snowmelt



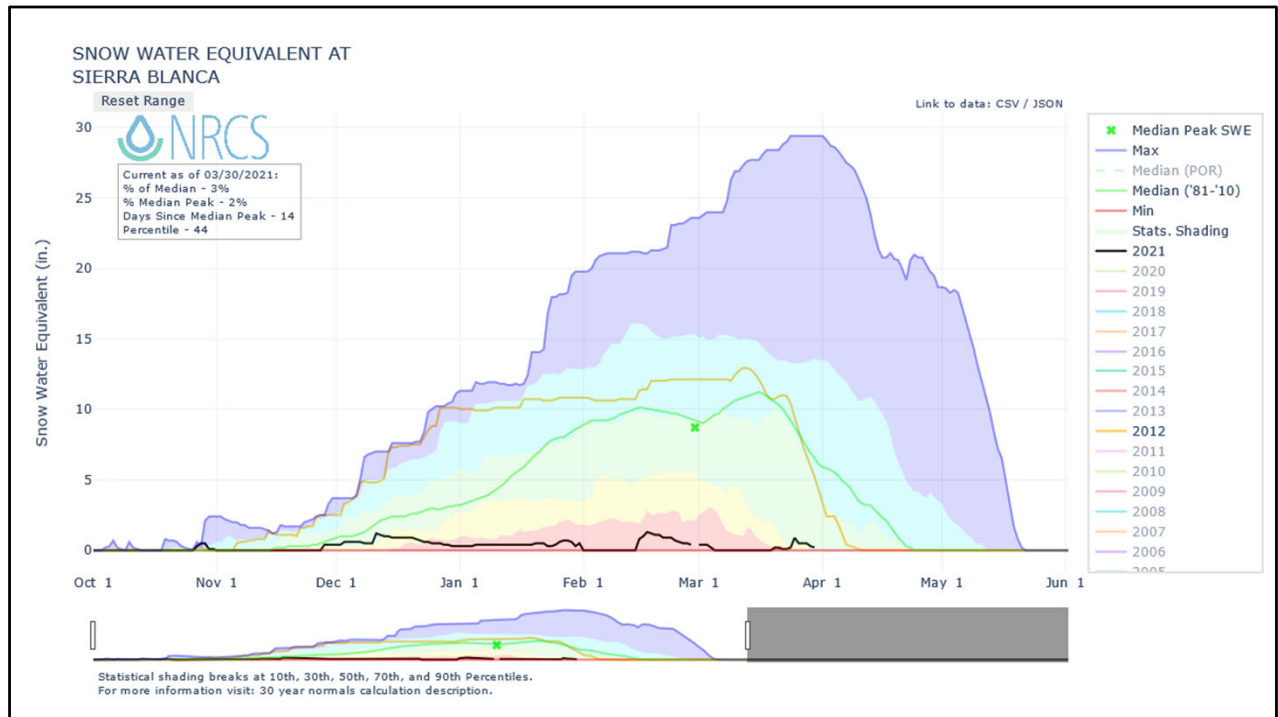
In 2018-2020 there was large storm events and snow to help with winter/spring diversions





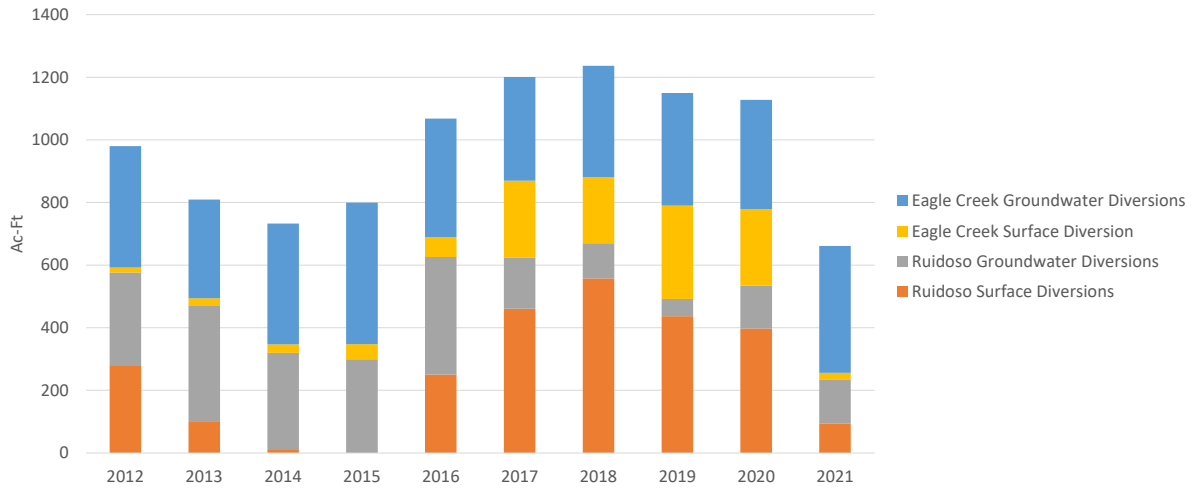


Snowpack for this year has been a small fraction of the median snowpack water equivalent.



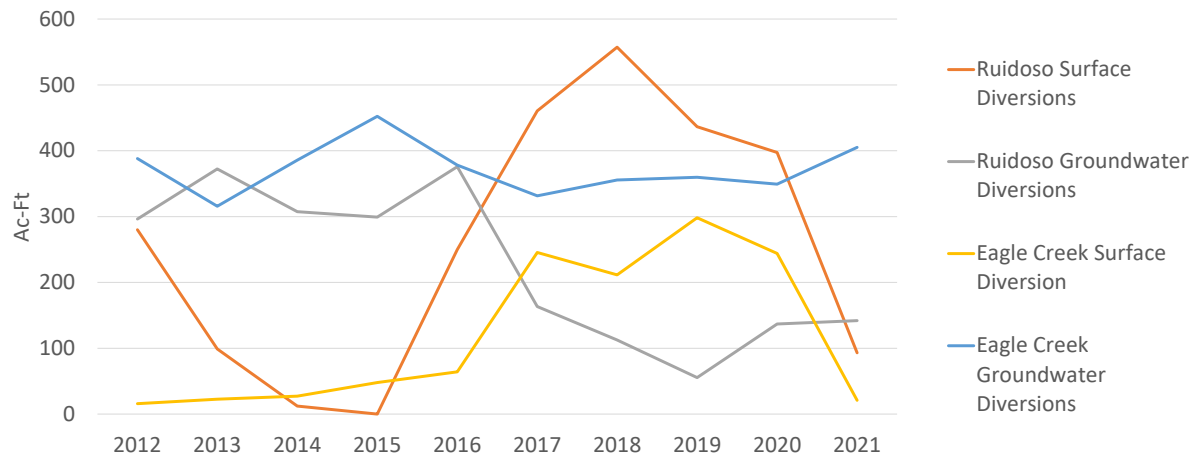
In late March, snowpack was approximately 2% of the median snowpack

Total Diversions (November through March)

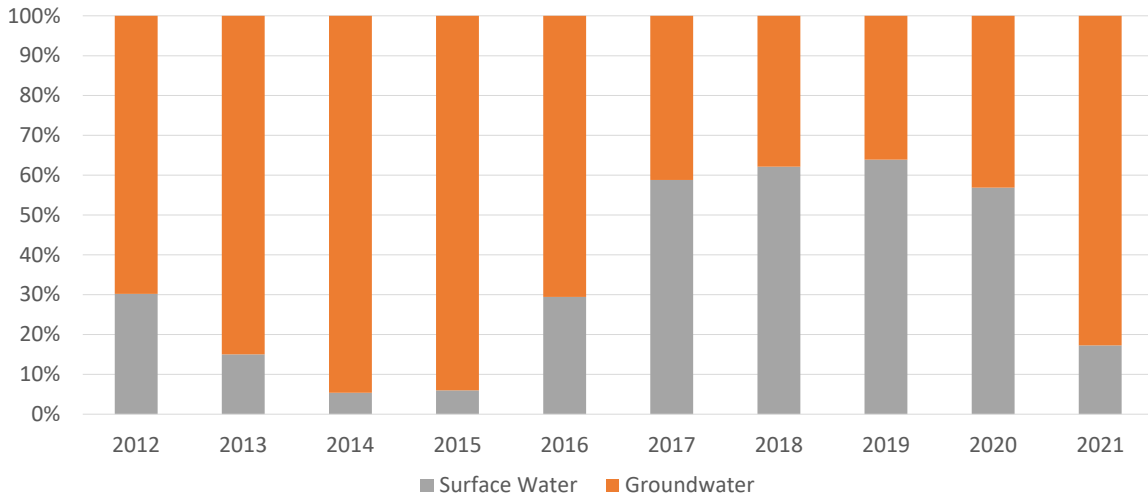


Diversions are substantially down this year compared to other years because of the lack of surface water from the Rio Ruidoso to divert to Grindstone Reservoir and from Eagle Creek to the Alto Crest Water Treatment Plant.

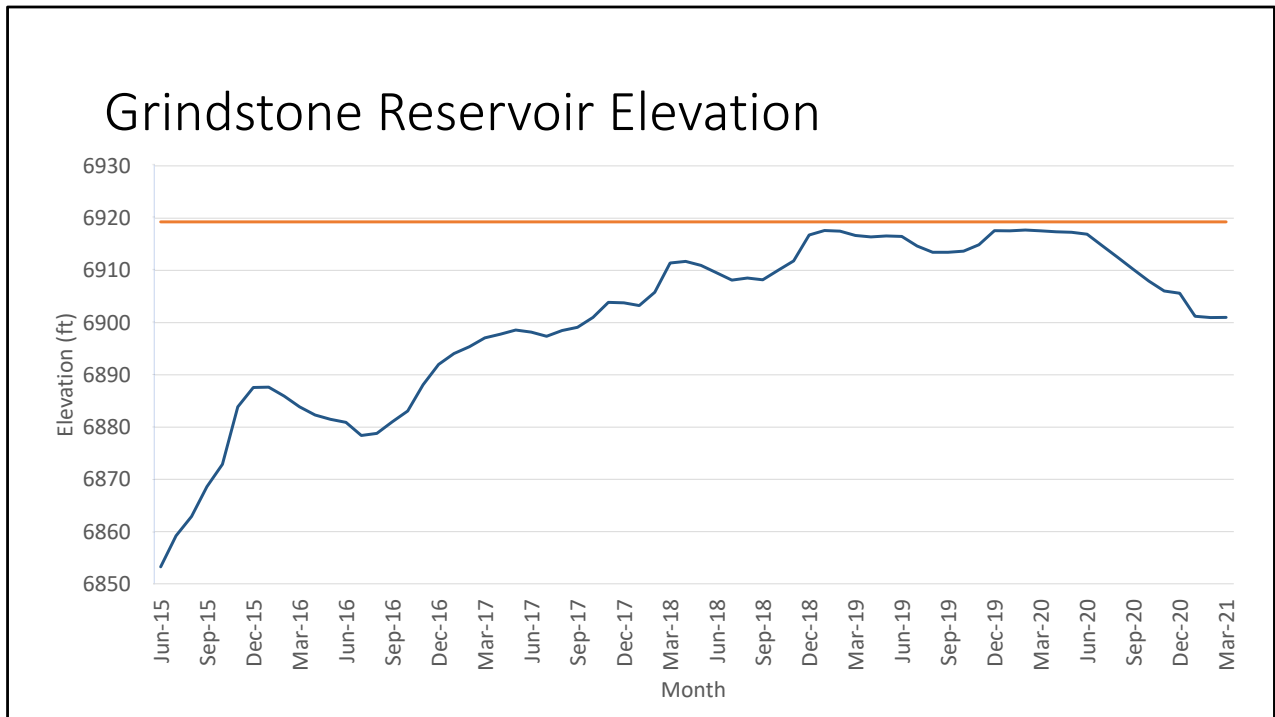
Diversion Breakdown (November through March)



Surface Water and Groundwater Ratios

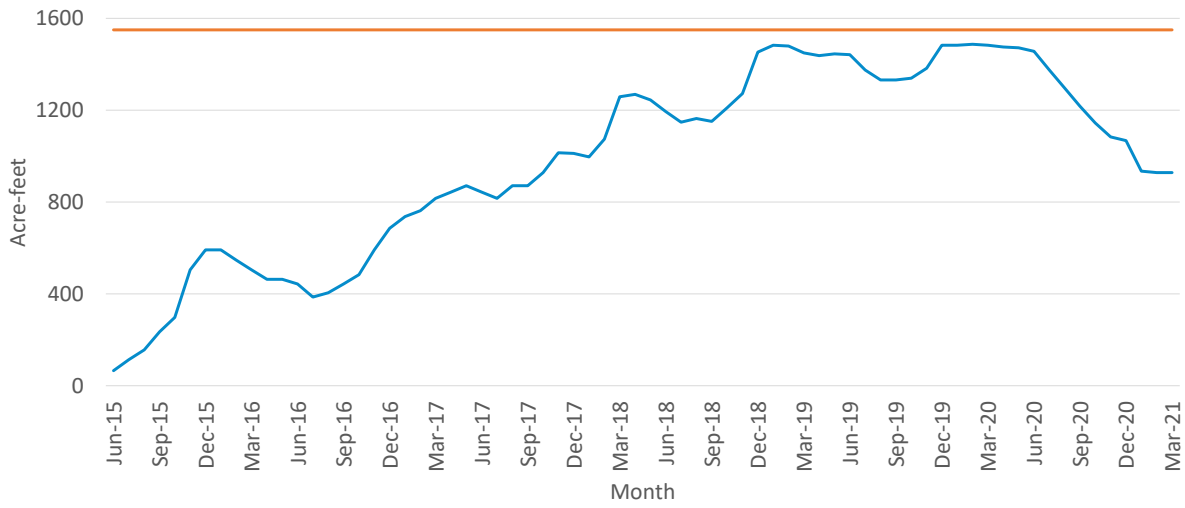


The last 9 years demonstrates the Village of Ruidoso's conjunctive water use strategy of using surface water when it is available and limiting groundwater pumping until it is needed in dry years. 2021 diversion have been predominantly groundwater diversions versus the previous 4 years.



Grindstone Reservoir has decreased in level with the inadequate monsoon season of 2020 and limited precipitation over the winter. Grindstone will not likely be refilled this year without a heavy monsoon season.

Grindstone Reservoir Storage



Changes to Diversion Strategies

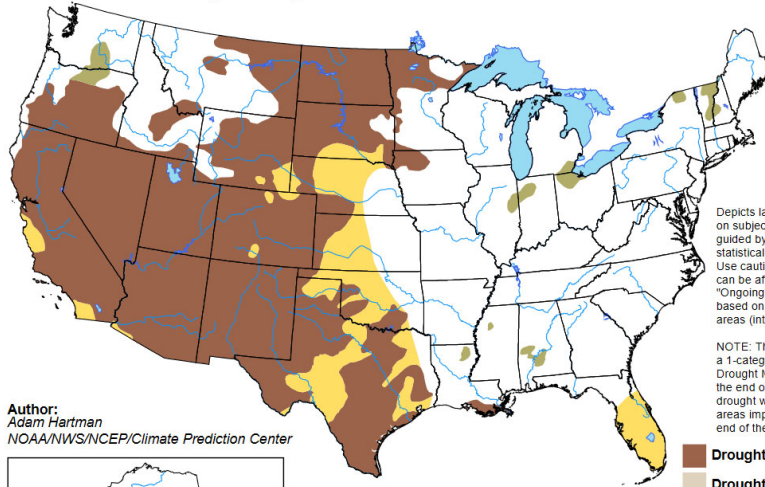
- Using Cherokee well to reduce demands on Grindstone Service area from the Cherokee Interconnect
- Utilizing the Alto-Grindstone Interconnect to bring water from Gavilan Canyon wells to Grindstone Service Area
- Use of Eagle Creek well field in absence of surface water on Eagle Creek

Village has prepared for drought through conjunctive use water diversion strategies.

U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook

Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

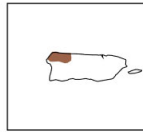
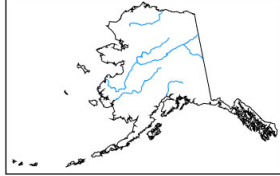
Valid for March 18 - June 30, 2021
Released March 18



Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

Author:
Adam Hartman
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/Climate Prediction Center



- Drought persists**
- Drought remains but improves**
- Drought removal likely**
- Drought development likely**



<http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73>

Drought will likely persist at least until the summer monsoons.